

Relationships and Sex Education Policy

INTRODUCTION

Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) is the right and responsibility of the parent/carer but it is also a statutory requirement of the Department for Education that RSE is taught in every school. Personal Development Education (PDE) at Langley Senior is comprised of RSE, PSHE and Citizenship, with RSE forming the central strand of the PDE curriculum. Langley Senior is a diverse school community with a wide range of beliefs and values, all of which are fully respected. This policy seeks to explain the rigour and respect Langley Senior brings to the teaching of RSE from Key Stage 2 (Year 6) to Key Stage 5 (The Sixth Form). The aim of this policy is to communicate to staff, governors, parents/carers, visitors and pupils the manner in which RSE will be delivered and supported at Langley Senior.

SECTION 1 - THE AIMS OF RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION

The aims of Relationships and Sex Education are:

- o to teach mental health, healthy body image and healthy self concept so that the pupils can live happy lives and have healthy relationships;
- o to enable our pupils to better understand the nature of healthy and unhealthy relationships, including families, friendships and romantic or sexual partnerships;
- o to help pupils develop self-respect, confidence and empathy;
- o to create a positive culture around issues of personal sexuality and relationships, including an attitude of tolerance, an appreciation of diversity and an understanding of the law regarding protected characteristics;
- o to enable pupils to understand the importance of stable loving relationships, including marriage and civil partnerships, for raising children;
- o to prepare pupils for the changes that occur to their bodies, minds and relationships as a consequence of growth from childhood to adulthood;
- o to ensure pupils are able to keep themselves safe and understand risks and responsibilities involved in conducting relationships, both in-person and online;
- o to ensure pupils know about the risks of being online and how to stay safe from exploitation and abuse;
- o to ensure pupils understand how to identify abuse in all forms, know the law, and how to protect themselves or report abuse;
- to support all young people for life in modern Britain.



The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, require all schools from September 2020 to deliver Relationships Education (in primary schools) and Relationships and Sex education (in secondary Schools). It is also compulsory for all schools to teach Health Education. The overlap between Health Education and RSE is clear and our curriculum intertwines these two important statutory strands by teaching pupils to be healthy in all aspects of their lives.

SECTION 3 - POLICY DEVELOPMENT

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review The Head of PDE reviewed the statutory guidance, audited and amended our Personal Development Education curriculum and wrote the policy;
- 2. Senior Leader consultation senior leaders were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations;
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents/carers and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy;
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE through face to face discussion, whole-school student surveys and student feedback in class;
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified;

SECTION 4 - WHAT IS EFFECTIVE RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION?

Our curriculum aims to support a lifelong process in learning about physical, moral and emotional development and coming to understand the importance of stable and loving relationships. It is also about the teaching of sex, sexuality, and sexual health as well as preparing pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life. Our curriculum is also designed to support children growing up in an increasingly complex and digital world. The dominance of social media, the prevalence of cyberbullying and the risk that children will learn about relationships from untrustworthy sources online have been considered in the creation of our RSE curriculum. We aim to support young people to make the right decisions and keep themselves safe and happy. The content and delivery of RSE at Langley Senior will be conducted in an age-appropriate way.

4.1 Attitudes and Values

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Pupils are helped to examine the value of family life, marriage/civil partnerships, and stable and loving relationships for the nurture of children. They are also encouraged to explore and consider moral dilemmas and the how to stand up to peer pressure or unhealthy societal norms. RSE can also help pupils to develop a positive self-image and high self-esteem, responsibility and the ability to make informed decisions.

4.2 Personal and Social Skills

RSE encourages pupils to manage emotions and relationships confidently and sensitively whilst developing self-respect and empathy for others. Pupils are taught to make choices based on an understanding of difference, with an absence/awareness of prejudice, and learn how to recognize, avoid, challenge and report exploitation and abuse. RSE also provides opportunities to develop communication skills and assertiveness within a range of different situations.

4.3 Knowledge and Understanding

RSE focuses on understanding physical development at appropriate stages. The pupils will explore the changing adolescent body, reproduction, sexual health, sexuality and sexual identity, emotions and relationships. Depending on their age-group, pupils will also be provided with information on contraception and sexually transmitted infections, as well as the range of local and national sexual health advice support services. Pupils will look at the reasons for delaying sexual activity, the benefits to be gained from such delay and the avoidance of unplanned pregnancy. The aim is to provide an objective and balanced view of sexual matters, correcting any misconceptions and misinformation pupils may have gained.

SECTION 5 - DELIVERY OF RSE AT LANGLEY SENIOR

5.1 How Is RSE Taught?

We include the statutory Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education within our whole-school Personal Development Education programme. All staff who teach RSE are trained to do so. Years 6-13 are taught the statutory RSE within their timetabled PDE lessons (two hours per fortnight). We ensure progression through a spiral curriculum. This means that the same topics are revisited on a deeper level each year so that maturity and understanding can be built up. No topic is ever taught just once and forgotten. Furthermore, the curriculum is updated and altered every year depending on the needs of the school community and in response to feedback from pupils, parents/carers and teachers. Compulsory PDE continues into the Sixth Form; KS5 students are taught RSE in PDE lessons by Sixth Form tutors, who are RSE trained. Teaching of RSE is further supported by the school's pastoral programme, with Heads of Year and tutors reinforcing particularly important content, as agreed between the Deputy Head Pastoral and the Head of PDE. Some themes might also be covered in assemblies or presentations to larger groups by external facilitators to ensure enrichment on particular topics and to respond to the changing needs of each year group.

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Furthermore, the RSE curriculum at Langley Senior is created in consultation with Langley Prep to ensure a consistent approach, though it should be noted that as both schools strive for a bespoke curriculum that adapts to the needs of their particular communities, the programmes are not identical.

The school is a member of the PSHE Association and the Sex Education Forum. We use these memberships to ensure that our teaching of RSE is of the highest standard and is continually kept up-to-date.

RSE is taught as a curriculum subject (PDE) and therefore is subject to the same Teaching and Learning expectations as other subjects. More information on this can be found in our Curriculum policy here: https://langleyschool.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/Curriculum-Policy-Senior.pdf.

Please see **Appendix 1** for the details the RSE curriculum for each year group.

5.2 Protocol for RSE lessons:

All teachers are given training on RSE. We recognise the need to create a supportive and secure atmosphere where pupils can develop the confidence needed to talk, listen and think about challenging topics. In order to do this, teachers will establish ground rules with pupils to emphasise the importance of mutual respect, encourage reflection and signpost sources of further help if a topic is triggering or raises further questions.

The following are protocols for lessons:

- No one (teacher or pupil) will have to answer a personal question or tell personal stories and no one will be forced to take part in a discussion, though participation is encouraged;
- Teachers and pupils are expected to talk in general terms, rather than personal ones.
 For example, instead of talking about their own experience they might say "If a person were to..." or "People sometimes do/think/say/behave....";
- Meanings of words will be explained in a factual way using accurate vocabulary;
- Students will be encouraged to be curious and ask questions, which will be approached non-judgmentally, and question boxes for anonymous questions will be used in all PDE lessons (Teachers may use their discretion in responding to questions and may say that the appropriate person to answer that question is the parent/carer);
- It is expected that teachers' personal beliefs and attitudes will not influence their teaching of RSE, and that teachers will examine their own potential biases and work hard to teach in inclusive ways;
- Teachers will take care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (all teachers will be aware that families can include single

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- parent families, LGBTQ parents, or families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers);
- o If at any point a disclosure is made by a pupil, it is the responsibility of the member of staff to follow the schools' safeguarding policy and notify the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead or Deputy DSL. Staff must also register any concerns for a pupil on CPOMs before notifying the Safeguarding Lead or Deputy DSL. For further information on how we keep our pupils safe, consult our Safeguarding Policy via the Langley School website: https://langleyschool.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/Safeguarding-and-Child-Protection-whole-school.pdf

5.3 Specialist support

Langley Senior also recognises that some aspects of RSE may better be taught by specialists. From time-to-time Langley Senior will invite experts to deliver topics relating to RSE.

- Visitors contributing to RSE will do so at the invitation of Langley Senior and will be qualified to make an appropriate contribution;
- Visitors must agree with the aims of Langley Senior in delivering its policy on RSE;
- When in class, visitors will be supervised by a teacher who will be present at all times;
- Visitors will follow the School's Safeguarding procedures if a disclosure occurs within the classroom setting;
- Visitors will know and understand where their contribution fits into the School's programme for RSE.

SECTION 6 - PARENTAL RIGHT TO WITHDRAW CHILDREN FROM RSE

RSE is part of all pupils' education and it is hoped that all will participate.

6.1 Right to withdraw a Year 6 child from provision

From September 2020, parents will not be able to withdraw their child from any aspect of Relationships Education or Health Education. Sex Education is not taught in Year 6. It is important to note that the changes experienced in puberty, as well as sexual reproduction on a cellular level are a statutory part of the Science curriculum and therefore are taught as part of Health Education in PDE and in Science lessons.

6.2 Right to withdraw a Year 7-11 child from provision

In secondary education from September 2020 (Year 7 -11):

- Parents will not be able to withdraw their child from any aspect of Relationships Education or Health Education.
- Parents will be able to withdraw their child (following discussion with the school) from any or all aspects of Sex Education, other than those which are part of the science curriculum, up to and until three terms before the age of 16.

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- After that point, the guidance states that 'if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, the school should make arrangements to provide the child with sex education during one of those terms.'
- Where pupils are withdrawn from sex education, schools should document the process
 and will have to 'ensure that the pupil receives appropriate, purposeful education
 during the period of withdrawal.'

6.3 Requesting withdrawal from RSE

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in **Appendix 2** of this policy and addressed to the Headmaster. A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The Headmaster will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action. When the Headmaster receives such a letter, he will invite the parents/carers to a meeting, at which the Headmaster will explain clearly what Langley Senior School's policy is and seek to accommodate the wishes and/or concerns of the parents/carers. If that is not possible, the pupil will be withdrawn from RSE and placed in another class where suitable work and supervision will be provided.

SECTION 7- ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

7.1 The Governors

The Governors will approve the RSE policy and hold the Headmaster to account for its implementation.

7.2 The Headmaster

The Headmaster is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from RSE (see section 6).

7.3 The Head/s of Personal Development Education

The Head/s of Personal Development Education are responsible for:

- Ensuring that RSE is covered in the schemes of work for Personal Development Education;
- Monitoring the teaching and assessment of RSE and providing staff with appropriate support and CPD;
- Curriculum planning in accordance with updates to statutory requirements;
- Ensuring the content is age appropriate and that it takes into account the specific needs of the Langley Senior School community;
- Keeping this policy up-to-date.

7.4 Teaching Staff

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Teaching Staff are responsible for:

- Undergoing training to ensure they are well prepared to teach RSE;
- Planning lessons that are stimulating and engaging, using effective teaching and learning strategies;
- Delivering RSE in a rigorous and sensitive way;
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE;
- Monitoring progress and providing feedback;
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils;
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from some components of RSE;
- Providing SEND pupils with support and differentiated resources as appropriate to ensure RSE is accessible to them.

7.5 Pupils/students:

Pupils/students are expected to:

- Engage fully in RSE;
- Treat others with respect and sensitivity;
- Reflect on how what they learn in lessons will positively impact their personal lives;
- Treat RSE as any other academic subject, working hard in lessons and doing homework well.

SECTION 8 - MONITORING AND EVALUATING PARTICULARS

The policy and its implementation will be reviewed every: 12 months.

Langley Senior's RSE link governor is: Rachel Buxton

The policy will be monitored by: Bianca Gama

Linked Policies: Curriculum Policy including the Personal Development Education section of this policy, Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy, Equal Opportunities Policy, SEND Policy, Teaching and Learning Policy.

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APPENDIX 1: WHAT DOES EACH YEAR GROUP STUDY IN RSE LESSONS AT LANGLEY SENIOR?

Year 6 Relationships Education Overview

Pupils in Year 6 are Key Stage 2 pupils and therefore our curriculum follows the government's statutory requirements for Primary PSHE and Science. As such, our curriculum is focused on the biological and emotional aspects of human reproductive development and puberty, as well as focusing on teaching young people how to maintain healthy relationships, avoid risk and stay safe.

Year 6 Relationships Ed. Themes	Learning objectives
Healthy relationships 1: What	-Describe some ways of avoiding dangerous relationships
makes a healthy, positive	and maintaining positive ones.

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relationship (covering friendships, family relationships, relationships with adults, and romantic relationships).	-Explain risks posed by dangerous people and how to protect oneselfAnalyse how the internet could be made safer and how particular relationships could turn into negative or damaging situations if left unchecked.
Healthy relationships 2: Respect - disagreements and differences	-Identify how we can reduce conflict, respect the views of others and disagree with people respectfully.
Unwanted behaviour 1: Bullying	-Understand the difference between bullying and teasingUnderstand the importance of kindness and the role of bystanders in situations where others are being unkindUnderstand how to get help in these situations.
Unwanted behaviour 2: Consent (respecting personal space)	-Identify what we mean when we talk about our personal space, as well as unwanted and inappropriate contactDescribe how much personal space we are all allowed to have and how we are all in charge of what happens to our own bodiesExplain how we seek consent and why it's always important to do this if we want to show physical affection to someone, even if it's just a hug.
Unwanted behaviour 3: Asking for Help and Advice	-Identify what we can do if we ever feel unsafe or worried about ourselves or someone we knowDescribe how we can report our concerns to appropriate peopleExplain why it's important to tell people if we are worried about our own or someone else's safety.
Growing up 1: Body Image	-Identify why some people have negative body imageDescribe how we can help others and ourselves to develop a positive body imageExplain how the media affects our body image.
Growing up 2a: Puberty – boys (taught separately from girls)	-Identify the changes boys go through during puberty and why. -Describe these changes in detail as well as how and when they will happen. -Explain why we go through puberty and how everyone develops differently. Details to be covered: - Hormones; - Growing taller; - Enlarged genitalia; - Erections, ejaculation, wet dreams, masturbation; - Body hair; - Growing larger limbs, hands and feet; - Temporary swelling in breast area; - Body odour; - Voice breaking and deepening; - Skin changes;



	- Emotional changes and wellbeing;
	- Hygiene;
	- What happens to girls when they go through
	puberty.
Growing up 2b: Puberty - girls	-Identify the changes girls go through during puberty and
(taught separately from boys)	why.
	-Describe the changes in detail as well as how and when
	they will happen.
	-Explain why we go through puberty and how everyone
	develops differently.
	<u>Details to be covered</u> :
	- Hormones;
	- The menstrual cycle, what to expect from
	menstruation and how to manage menstruation (a
	small period pack of sanitary products to be given
	to every girl);
	- Breast buds and breasts;
	- Body hair;
	- Body odour;
	- Skin changes;
	- Vaginal discharge;
	- Masturbation;
	- Growing taller;
	- Emotional changes and wellbeing;
	- Hygiene;
	- What happens to boys when they go through
	puberty.
Growing up 3: Human	-Identify different parts of the male and female
Reproduction	reproductive system.
This is covered jointly in Science	-Describe how human reproduction happens and how a
and in PSHE.	baby starts to be created.
	-Explain the different roles of the male and female body
Some parents may be concerned	parts in human reproduction.
about whether we cover topics	Details to be covered:
like sexual behaviour, how sex	 Cellular biology of reproduction as well as how
happens, sexual positions and	intercourse happens to initiate fertilisation (penile
sexual activities that are a part of	ejaculation inside vagina, acknowledging the
human sexuality. Other than	alternatives such as medical artificial insemination
explaining that the penis enters a	and IVF).
vagina and ejaculates semen into	- Gestation and Childbirth.
it to conceive a baby naturally,	- Contraception as a concept (i.e.: only that it is
we do not cover sexual activity in	used to prevent conception. STIs are NOT
Year 6. If students ask about	covered at this age).
these topics, we thank them for	- Miscarriage.
their curiosity and gently refer	- Menopause.
them to their parents.	

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Growing up 4: Attraction and crushes	-Identify different types of attraction and the types of people we might find attractiveDescribe how we feel when we are attracted to someone and the different ways we can be attracted to othersExplain how we feel when we have a crush and how we can all differ in our feelings and the types of people we find attractive.
	-Understand that everyone is different and that we can be attracted to people of the opposite sex or the of the same sex or both. Includes LGBTQ+ rights and discrimination.
Online lives and relationships 1: Social Media and Phone Use Most students in Year 7 have been given phones for the first time, so our lessons focus on teaching them to self-regulate, avoid risky behaviour and seek help when they need it.	-Identify different situations where a person might experience FOMO (Fear of Missing Out), what this means and what we can do about itUnderstand how social media compromises our ability to make good judgments and makes us more impulsiveUnderstand what to do if we see or are sent indecent images when onlineUnderstand where to find help when online relationships go wrong.
Online lives and relationships 2: Online Gaming	-Identify the dangers presented by the social side of online gaming and how we can avoid themDescribe the different dangers we need to be wary of to play safely and what we should do if we are concernedExplain why we should not meet up with people we don't know in real life. Explain what the consequences of this could be.
Commitment: Family, Marriage and Civil Partnerships Love versus Abuse	 -Identify different ways of showing commitment and the different types of families we can have. -Identify what we mean by love, the different types of love and what we mean by abuse. -Describe what to do if you think you, or someone you know, is being abused. -Explain why real love does not tolerate abuse and describe some common signs of abuse. -Describe how we can report abuse.



Year 7 Relationships and Sex Education Overview

Pupils in Year 7 are Key Stage 3 pupils and therefore our RSE curriculum follows the government's statutory requirements for Secondary PSHE and Science. Year 7 builds on work done in Year 6 but takes into account that many Year 7s will only have joined the school this year; there is therefore some repetition between Year 6 and Year 7, with a focus on what secondary school age students need to know.

Year 7 RSE themes	Learning Objectives
Your relationship with	-Understand what emotional health is and why it is
yourself: mental health, self-	important.
regulation and positive self-	- Identify feelings and developing an emotional vocabulary
regard as crucial for healthy	(RULER technique).
relationships with others.	- Understanding what resilience and how to build it.
Positive relationships with	-Recognise healthy relationships and understanding the
others and what to do when	importance of boundaries in healthy relationships.
relationships go wrong	-Recognise unhealthy relationships, specifically recognising
	abuse and understanding the different forms abuse takes.
	-Know where to go to find help and how to report concerns,
	including family members, the school's safeguarding
	procedures and organisations/charities.
Unwanted behaviour: Bullying	-Understand what bullying is and what its effect is (including
	cyberbullying).
	-Understand the role of bystanders (online or in person) in
	making bullying worse.

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	-Understand the power of peer pressure and develop refusal skills.
	-Know how to report concerns about bullying and where to
	seek help.
	-Understand that some bullying takes the form of
	discrimination against certain protected characteristics: sex,
	gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, and
	what the consequences of this are legally and morally.
Managing Online	-Understand responsibilities that come with free time online.
Relationships: Online Safety	-Consider the risks of online communication with unknown
relationships. Online Salety	people – and how to report it.
	-Understand the risks of uploading harmful material and
	what to do with harmful material we are sent or see
	accidentally.
	-Understand the emotional impact of viewing harmful
	content (including pornography).
	-Know that sharing and viewing indecent images of children
	(including those created by children) is a criminal offence
	which carries severe penalties including prison.
	-Understand what grooming is how to recognise the signs of
	this and keep yourself safe.
	-Understand the particular dangers of online gaming.
Growing up 2a: Puberty -	-Identify the changes boys go through during puberty and
boys (taught separately from	why.
girls)	-Describe these changes in detail as well as how and when
	they might happen.
_	-Explain why we go through puberty and how everyone
	develops differently.
	Details to be covered:
	- Hormones;
	- Growing taller;
	- Enlarged genitalia;
	- Erections, ejaculation, wet dreams, masturbation;
	- Body hair;
	- Growing larger limbs, hands and feet;
	- Temporary swelling in breast area;
	- Body odour;
	- Voice breaking and deepening;
	- Skin changes;
	- Emotional changes and wellbeing;
	- Hygiene;
	- What happens to girls when they go through
	puberty.
Growing up 2b: Puberty -	-Identify the changes girls go through during puberty and
girls (taught separately from	why.
boys)	-Describe the changes in detail as well as how and when they
50,57	might happen.
	-Explain why we go through puberty and how everyone
	Explain my me so amough puberty and now everyone



develops differently. Details to be covered: Hormones: The menstrual cycle, what to expect from menstruation, how to manage menstruation (a small period pack of sanitary products to be given to every girl); Breast buds and breasts: Body hair: Body odour; Skin changes; Vaginal discharge; Masturbation: Growing taller; Emotional changes and wellbeing; Hygiene: What happens to boys when they go through Growing up 3: Human -Identify different parts of the male and female reproductive Reproduction system. (This is covered jointly in -Describe how human reproduction happens and how a Science and in PSHE) baby starts to be created. - Explain the different roles of the male and female body parts in human reproduction. Some parents may be concerned about whether we Details to cover: cover topics like sexual Cellular biology of reproduction as well as how behaviour, how sex happens, intercourse happens to initiate fertilisation (penile sexual positions and sexual ejaculation inside vagina, acknowledging the activities that are a part of alternatives such as medical artificial insemination human sexuality. If students and IVF). ask about these topics, the Gestation and childbirth. teacher may answer them in Contraception as a concept (that it is used to stop an age-appropriate way or babies from being conceived. STIs are not covered gently refer them to their at this age. parents, using their Miscarriage. professional judgment and Menopause. training. Research shows that Healthy lifestyle and fertility. when children as young as 11 are curious about human sexuality, they look online for answers, and this exposes them to harmful material and erroneous information. The teacher will stress that pupils should speak openly to their parents or other trusted adults

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if they have any questions



about sex and are encouraged	
not to look online for answers.	
We would recommend that	
parents research and purchase	
-	
an age-appropriate well-	
reviewed book about sex to be	
kept at home as a valuable -	
and safe - source of	
information to your child.	
Growing up 4: Attraction and	-Identify different types of attraction and the types of people
crushes	we might find attractive.
	-Describe how we feel when we are attracted to someone
	and the different ways we can be attracted to others.
	-Explain how we feel when we have a crush and how we can
	all differ in our feelings and the types of people we find
	attractive.
	-Understand that everyone is different and that we can be
	attracted to people of the opposite sex or the of the same
	sex or both. Includes LGBTQ+ rights and discrimination.
Growing up 5: Gender and	-To understand the terms sex and gender.
Sex	- To understand what it means to identify as male, female,
	transgender or non-binary.
	-To understand that gender identity is a protected
	characteristic.
Home relationships: Family	- Understand that families are built on love. Families take
	many forms but love is love.
	- Understand what belonging and contributing to family life
	means (identity, roles and responsibilities).
	- Coping with family break-ups, identifying and discussing
	feelings and support.
	- Bereavement - understanding the stages of grief and
	coping methods.
Love versus Abuse	-Identify what we mean by love, the different types of love
	and what we mean by abuse.
	-Describe what to do if you think you, or someone you
	know, is being abused.
	-Explain why real love does not tolerate abuse and describe
	some common signs of abuse.
	-Describe how we can report abuse.



Year 8 Relationships and Sex Education Overview

Our Year 8 curriculum builds on the curriculum covered in Year 7. The content is revisited in more mature detail, taking into account the needs of our Year 8 cohort. Moving past learning about puberty and reproduction, we focus on helping pupils develop a healthy, responsible, open and celebratory attitude to their developing sexuality and personal values. Year 8 is the age when young people begin to encounter more adult, explicit or inappropriate sexual content and attitudes in their interactions socially and online. Our curriculum hopes to facilitate age-appropriate discussion about these themes, with a particular focus on respect, responsibility and safety.

Year 8 RSE themes	Learning Objectives
Mental health: To have healthy	- Understand that resilience and high self-esteem are the
relationships with others, you	basis for healthy relationships.
need to have a healthy	- Be able to self-assess one's own resilience and self-
relationship with yourself.	esteem and build these qualities in oneself.
	- Consider strategies for managing big feelings
	- Recap the RULER technique introduced in Year 7.
Managing friendships and family	- Understand what behaviour makes a relationship
relationships.	healthy or unhealthy.
	- Understand rules and principles for healthy
	relationships.
Managing romantic relationships:	- Understand the need for effective, empathic and
crushes, 'linking', dating, getting	compassionate communication skills in romantic
physical and what happens when	situations.
things end?	- Be able to articulate the rules of respect in flirting and
	dating.
	- Understand that sexualised talk or touching or
	photography – even in a group as joke – is likely to be
	offensive, and could potentially be considered
	harassment or assault (upskirting to be considered here).
	- Be able to stand up to peer-pressure and gossip.
	- Understand fully what consent means (physical as well

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as digital).

- Understand one's own boundaries, how to set clear boundaries for others and how to respect another's boundaries.
- Understand the added complexities of online romantic communications and the importance safe texting (reinforcing learning done in Year 7 on the dangers of sexting and the legal consequences of it).
- Understand why a relationship might not develop after the 'linking' stage and how to manage feelings around break-ups.
- Understand the importance of having a grown-up to talk to about your romantic life.
- Know how to get support and information safely regarding romantic issues.

Understanding your developing sexuality

Some parents may be concerned about whether we cover topics like sexual behaviour, how sex happens, sexual positions and sexual activities that are a part of human sexuality. If students ask about these topics, the teacher may answer them in an ageappropriate way or gently refer them to their parents, using their professional judgment and training. Research shows that when children as young as 11 are curious about human sexuality, they will look online for answers, and this exposes them to harmful material and incorrect information. The teacher will stress that pupils should speak openly to their parents or other trusted adults if they have any questions about sex and will encourage pupils not to look online for answers. We would recommend that you research and purchase an age-appropriate well-reviewed book about sex to be kept at home as a valuable and safe - source of information to your child.

-Understand the factors that affect the developing sexuality of young people.

Topics to be covered:

- Puberty (particularly anxiety around late development and any questions that have arisen since Year 7 lessons on puberty)
- Periods (particularly focusing on helpful and unhelpful attitudes to periods).
- Sexual activity what is it?
- When is the right time to become sexually active?
- The legal age of consent and why it exists.
- The dangers and problems of becoming sexually active too early.
- Safe age ranges for romantic or sexual relationships (for example, older boyfriends or girlfriends).
- Myth-busting: sexual desire, orgasm and masturbation.
- The importance of talking to parents or trusted adults if we have questions or worries about our romantic life, sexuality or sexual activity.
- Sexuality Q&A: the teacher will set aside time to answer questions the class ask.

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Safety Online 1: Cyberbullying	 -To understand the way cyberbullying works and how to deal with it. - To understand the importance of not being a passive bystander when you witness any kind of bullying. - To be confident in the reporting procedures for online bullying. - To understand the importance of talking to someone in your life about any bullying, in any form, involving anybody.
Safety Online 2: Child Sexual	- To know how to identify when you or someone else is
Exploitation	being groomed online.
	- To know how to protect yourself from online child sexual exploitation.
	- To know how to keep high levels of privacy online and
	how to report it when things go wrong.
	- To be able to deal with unwanted images and content accidentally viewed online (building on work done in Year 7).
	- Understanding the importance of talking about and
	sharing your online life with parents, trusted grown ups
	and/or older siblings so that you can get help when you need it; and to understand the dangers of secrecy online.
Your body and life are yours	- To understand what female genital mutilation, honour
alone	based violence and forced marriage are, that they are illegal, and how to identify and report any threat to
This content is covered in more	yourself and others.
depth in Year 9 but is introduced	
in an age appropriate way in Year	
8 as there is the potential that	
girls as young as 11 are at risk.	



Year 9 Relationships and Sex Education Overview

The Year 9 curriculum introduces some important topics around sexual relationships, personal safety and boundaries. Our curriculum is designed to introduce and prepare pupils for the important outcomes that occur as relationships progress and take on more physical and mature aspect. There is a focus on informing pupils how the law is designed to protect them and how they can access help and support from trusted adults and external agencies. The curriculum also hopes to develop their communication skills so they can navigate challenging experiences within relationships. We hope that the curriculum will continue to promote self-worth, healthy boundaries and respect and care for others.

Year 9 RSE themes	Learning objectives
Relationships with others:	- Explore and identify different forms of commitment
Breakdowns of relationships,	and the impact on emotional wellbeing.
healthy boundaries, reconciliation,	- Understand the impact of relationships breaking down
resolutions and marriage in the eyes	and learn some resolution strategies as well as ways of
of the law.	asserting healthy boundaries.
	- Identify what a respectful relationship can look like
	after a break-up has happened and the importance of respect and civility.
	- Identify the possible impacts and outcomes of divorce
	and separation and know what support is available and
	where to access it.
	- Know the legal rights that come with marriage and
	other legally recognised relationships.
Drugs and alcohol: The negative	-Understand different types of drug and the laws that
impacts of drugs and alcohol on	apply to those drugs (classification).
relationships and health.	-Understand how drugs and alcohol can impact
	decision making and place you at greater risk in your
Drugs and alcohol are also covered	relationships or interactions with others.
from a legal and health point of view	-Identify risks of addiction and physical and mental
in the curriculum. Our focus for	impacts on individuals and families.
RSE is to ensure that pupils	-Identify ways to minimise risk and equip yourself with
understand the impact of	refusal skills.
drugs/alcohol on relationships and	
that drug use makes them	
vulnerable in social situations or to	
exploitative relationships.	
Sex and the law: Understanding the	-Understand the laws the apply to sexting (including

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risks posed by use of technology and social media, as well as understanding what constitutes criminal sexual conduct.	sending, receiving and sharing sexual images, including images of minors). -Explain what the term 'grooming' means and identify what would be deemed an inappropriate relationship and an abuse of power. -Identify where safeguarding concerns regarding grooming can be reported. -Understand what sexual violence is and what constitutes sexual harassment. (This will be discussed in an age appropriate way and strongly lead by the teacher.)
Choices and sex: The importance of consent, the right and the possible reasons to delay sex.	-Identify the age of consent and the reason for a legal age requirementExplain the importance of emotional and physical maturity when engaging in sexual activitiesIdentify reason people might wish to delay sex and explore other ways in which people can be intimate and feel fulfilledUnderstand the role peer pressure plays in shaping our attitudes to sexual activity and how to set healthy boundaries for yourself, as well as communicate your boundaries.
Sexual Health: How to protect against STIs, STDs, HIV and AIDS. Different forms of contraception.	-Understand what an STIs and STDs are and how they can be contracted and spreadUnderstand what HIV and AIDS are and learn how people can protect themselves against themExplain what different forms of contraception and protection are available and what some of the positive and negatives of using them may beUnderstand the importance of personal responsibility when it comes to contraception, but also the importance of healthy communication and mutual consentUnderstand that just because you know how to protect yourself during sexual activity does not mean you are emotionally ready for sexual activity.
The Law: Equality, diversity and human rights and how the law seeks to protect and promote tolerance. LGBTQ and Gender and identity will be explored.	-Know the law regarding hate crimes -Understand the importance and value of: uniqueness, equality, diversity, respect and toleranceUnderstand that sexuality is a spectrum and that love is love no matter what your sexual orientation isBe able to explain the difference between gender and sexIdentify and use appropriate and respectful terminology to describe gender and issues associated with genderExplore the Gender Recognition Act and identify ways



	in which we can seek to make tolerant and safe communities and environmentsUnderstand where help and support can be accessed for those who have questions around gender or sexual orientation.
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Year 10 Relationships and Sex Education Overview

Year 10 deals with some mature and challenging subjects areas, particularly pornography, abuse within relationships, miscarriage, abortion and adoption. Our curriculum hopes to equip our pupils with the information and support networks that can help them make informed and mature decisions. Our hope is that they understand the positive elements of sexual relationships, but that they feel empowered in delaying sexual activity until they feel secure, prepared and mature enough to deal with any possible outcomes.

Year 10 RSE themes	Learning objectives
Relating to others: skills for successful relationships Sexual Relationships: exploring what a healthy, safe and fulfilling sexual relationship looks like. Exploring how sexual relationships benefit and require maturity and a sense of responsibility. Identifying biological changes in teenagers. Identifying diversity in sexual preference.	- To be able to self-evaluate relationship and communication skills - To be able to describe the qualities of healthy relationship, how to communicate healthy boundaries and establish a secure sense of self. -To understand what a healthy, safe and fulfilling sexual relationship isTo understand the personal importance and benefits of sexual relationships and the responsibility that comes with sexual relationshipsBe able to describe and list a range of ways that people can show love and affection in relationships. Topics and discussions will include: - Sexual relationships don't necessarily involve sex The benefits and the rights to delaying sexual activity How do people know when they are ready to have sex/be intimate with my boyfriend/girlfriend? - Spectrum of sexual orientation in including asexuality The teenage brain: challenges of self-regulation posed by adolescent brain - Sexual arousal, masturbation and healthy sexual exploration How do you tell the difference between love and strong sexual attraction/arousal/desire?
Relationship Abuse: exploring what constitutes sexual abuse and abuse of power.	-Be able to recognise and identify: sexual abuse, sexual harassment, grooming, domestic abuse, coercive behaviourUnderstand the impact and effects of abuse and coercive behaviourKnow how to report abusive behaviour and know where to seek help and supportKnow what professional agencies are available to help people in abusive relationships

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Pornography: understanding	- Be able to explain the possible long-term and short-term
the physical, mental,	effects of consuming pornography, including the way viewing
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emotional and legal	pornography can impact one's developing sexual identity and
implications of online	tastes in potentially unhealthy ways.
pornography.	- Understand the impacts on sexual health.
	- Understand the impact on mental health, including the
	addictive nature of online pornography and the negative
	impact on body image.
	- Understand how pornography shapes views of relationships
	(reality vs staged constructs).
	- Understand the social impact of supporting the type of
	pornography that objectifies people, reinforces unhealthy
	gender roles, supports violence or relies on human trafficking.
	-Understand what the age of consent is and explain the laws
	around receiving, sharing and creating sexual images.
What does it mean to be gay,	-Understand that love means love
lesbian, bisexual or	-Understand the law and homophobia.
transgender? Developing an	-Understand the impact of homophobia on people and
understanding of gender	society.
focused language and creating	-Understand the realities of life coping with prejudice around
a community of inclusion and	gender and homophobia.
equality.	-Understand the difference between gender neutrality,
	transgender, transvestite and transsexual.
	-Know where to access help and support.
	-Know how to support a friend who is exploring their gender
	identity.
Menstruation: creating an	-Understand the menstrual cycle and the impact of women's
empathetic and respectful	lives:
outlook on menstruation.	
	Discussion will include:
	- That periods are a sign of healthy fertility.
	- Possible problems with managing periods, PMS and
	hormones.
	- Amenorrhea: why isn't my period here yet? Why has
	it stopped?
	- Overcoming period stigmas.
	- Menopause.
Contraception, STIs and	-Be able to describe what different types of contraception and
protection:	protection are available and know the different levels of
The following will be cover in	protection each form will provide.
lessons or may be covered in	-Learn how to safely select and use a condom.
an age-appropriate way by an	-Know and discuss the importance of finding a contraception
external provider/NHS	method that works for you (considering different types of
professional.	sexual relationships, physical responses and ease of access).
professional.	
	-Know what to do if contraception fails and where to seek
	help and support.
	-Understand what the morning after pill is and where it can be



	accessedUnderstand the difference between the morning after pill and
	an abortion.
	-An introduction to sexual health checks and what a physical examination will involve.
Pregnancy choices:	-Understand early signs of pregnancy and where help and
	support can be accessed.
	-Identify different choices that are available including:
	abortion (different types of abortions) and adoption.
	-Understand when an abortion may be recommended due to
	medical reasons and physical risk to the mother.
	-Know where help and support can be accessed in case of
	pregnancy.
	-Explain what a miscarriage is, how common they are, why
	they happen.
	-Be able to identify early signs of miscarriage and where to
	access help and support (importantly, signs of ectopic
	pregnancy will be discussed here).
	- Understand legal rights of the mother in making choices.

Year 11 Relationships and Sex Education Overview

Year 11 is an opportunity to reflect and revisit learning that has taken place in RSE lessons.

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Our curriculum hopes to prepare our pupils to gain a sense of personal responsibility and independence when considering their sexual health, sexual choices and their ability to keep themselves and others safe. We also hope to give them an important insight into the early stages of parenting and introduce them to some of the challenges and diverse experiences they may encounter.

Year 11 RSE themes	Learning objectives
Gender	- Have a reinforced understanding of gender identity
	vocabulary.
	- Understand different types of transitioning and
	identification.
	- Explore how we can ensure our communities are
	inclusive and promote equality. Exploring how the law
	supports equality and what more can be done.
	- To be able to empathise: How does it feel to be in a
	minority?
	- To know how to access support that aims at empowering
	individuals and communities (charities, groups, websites).
Translatication/C:	
Family Life: identifying and	-Understand different approaches to parenting, including
understanding what makes a	roles of mothers, fathers and LGBTQ parenting.
nurturing parent	-Understand why being a new parent is challenging.
	-Understand different birthing experiences and how to be a
	supportive birth partnerUnderstand what Postnatal Depression is and how it can
	impact individuals and families and know where to seek
	help and support.
Being Safe: understanding the	-Understand how involvement in criminal activity can make
dangers of involvement in group	young people vulnerable to sexual exploitation and sexual
criminal activity	violence (County Lines, gang exploitation / gang culture).
criminal activity	-Know what to do when your friends think criminal activity
	or criminal sexual activity is acceptable and be able to stand
	up to peer pressure and report it.
Consent	-Revisit the importance of consent, building on extensive
	work done in earlier years.
	-Identify what constitutes sexual assault and rape and where
	to access help and support.
Taking responsibility for your	-Be able to identify when a sexual health screening test is
sexual health	needed and why prompt action is best.
	- Be able to explain what a sexual health test will include
	and rules around confidentiality.
	- Understand how to access Chlamydia and free home
	testing (NHS links and Terrace Higgins Trust).
	- Understand the importance of Informing partners of
	possible risks of STI's and STD's

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- Know the law around reckless transmission.

APPENDIX 2: REQUEST TO WITHDRAW A CHILD FROM RSE LESSONS

THIS SECTION TO B	BE COMPLETED BY PARENT	S		
Name of Child		Class:		
Name of Parent		Date:		
Reason/s for your request to withdraw your child from Relationships and Sex Education				
lessons: (Please give specific details of the topics that particularly concern you.)				

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